Family Budget

	Income	Monthly Amount	Weekly Amount
	Net Pay		
	Investments		
	Interest		
	Other	<i>,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,</i>	
	Total Income		
	Expenses	Monthly Amount	Weekly Amount
	Tithe		
	Offering- Missions, etc.		
Ð	Alms - help others		
	Mortgage or Rent		
	Telephone, Cable, Internet		
	Electric		
	Household Oil or Gas		
	Water/Sewer		
	Taxes		
	Insurance - Life		
ANG	Insurance - Auto		
UR.	Insurance - Health		
INS	Health Savings/Deductable		
	Medication, Dr Bills, etc.		
0	Car Payments		
AUT	Fuel		
	Vehicle Maint.		
	Cellular Phone		
111	Groceries		
ΥLΕ	Household		
ST	Date Nights		
크	Entertainment		
	Pocket Money		
	Haircuts		
	Clothing		
FUND	Vacation		
	Savings Christmas / Birth days		
DEBT	Christmas/Birthdays Credit Cards		
	Loans		
	Total Expenses		
	TOTAL INCOME		
	minus TOTAL EXPENSES		
	Surplus or Deficit		

Budget Instructions:

- 1 Figure your Gross income (before taxes) from all sources.
- 2 By faith, calculate your Tithe (10% of GROSS increase from all sources) and decide upon an offering (anything over the tithe).
- 3 Calculate Net Income (after taxes) from all sources.
- 4 Calculate monthly and weekly expenditures of all fixed expenses. (Rent/Mortgage, insurance, utilities, loans, etc.)
- 5 Calculate a monthly and weekly number for all other known expenses. (Groceries, Auto Fuel, subcriptions, savings, etc.)
- 6 Calculate a monthly and weekly number for all desired expenses. (Pocket Money, Entertainment, Clothing, etc.)
- 7 For all loans and credit cards, use the minimum payment and include the balance.
- 8 The total expense line gives you a "break even point". This is how much income you need to break even each month.
- 9 If your expenses exceed your income, you need to increase income and/or decrease expenses.
- 10 Any surplus should be used to pay off debt THEN saved or given away.
- 11 It may take a few months to iron out your budget. Be patient!
- 12 Review your budget at the end of each month and make necessary changes the upcoming month.
- 13 You will be a slave to your budget or your bills. Choose your own fate and submit to your budget.

Proper Math:

To find the monthly value from the weekly value, multiply the weekly value by 52 and divide by 12.

To find the weekly value from the monthly value, multiply the monthly value by 12 and divide by 52.

List of Debts

as of	

Creditor	Contact Name Phone Number	Pay Off	Payments Left	Monthly Payments	Date Due	Interest Rate

PERSONAL BALANCE SHEET: calculate your NET WORTH

			T			
N/I	Φ.	W/L + W				
What you Own: Assets	\$	What You Owe: Liabilities	\$			
CASH:		BILLS: Balances on				
Cash on hand		Credit cards	_			
Savings accounts		Court judgements	_			
Money - market funds		Lines of Credit				
Cash value of life insurance						
Other cash and cash equivalents						
		LOANO, Brita sin al mana sinia m				
OF OUR TIES		LOANS: Principal remaining				
SECURITIES:		A. A. a. a. b.ila. financia s				
Chaples		Automobile financing	-			
Stocks CDa CICa banda	+	Home Improvement loans Student loans	+			
CDs, GICs, bonds Mutuals funds	+	Other	+			
Government securities		Other	+			
Other investments						
Other investments						
REAL ESTATE:		MORTGAGES: Principal				
REAL ESTATE.		MORTGAGES. FIIICIPAI				
Personal residence		Personal residence				
Rental or vacation property		second or third on residence	-			
Other properties		Rental or vacation properties	+			
Other properties		Other	-			
LONG TERM ASSETS:		Guici				
20110 12111117100210.		OTHER DEBTS:				
Life Insurance		O THER DED TO:				
IRAs, RSPs, etc.						
Annuities						
Company pension plan						
Other						
			1			
PERSONAL PROPERTY:						
Automobiles						
Household furnishings						
Clothing and Jewelry						
Art and Collectibles						
Other						
TOTALS:						
TOTAL ASSETS:						
			_			
MINUS LIABILITIES:						

EQUALS NET WORTH:						
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